APPENDIX II QUALIFICATIONS FOR ADVANCEMENT IN RATING

ELECTRONICS TECHNICIAN (ET)					
Quals Current Through Revision A	LDO (690) ELECTRONICS				
GENERAL RATING (PO1 and CPO)	ЕТСМ				
SCOPE	ETCS				
Electronics Technicians maintain, repair, calibrate, tune, and adjust electronic material (except airborne and weapon-control equipment) used for communication (except interior communication systems and teletype-writers) detection and tracking, recognition and identification, aids to navigation, and electronic countermeasures.	ETC ET1 ETN2 ETR2 ETN3 ETR3				
SERVICE RATINGS (PO3 and PO2)	SN				
SCOPES	CAREER PATTERN				
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIAN N (Communications)	. ETN				
Electronics Technicians (N) maintain, repair, calibrate, tune, and adjust communications equipment, radio aids to navigation and radio countermeasures equipment, including radio and facsimile equipment, teletype and similar types of terminal equipment, data transmission systems, radio direction finding and loran receiving equipment, and radio beacons.					
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIAN R (Radar)	ETR				
Electronic Technicians (R) maintain, repair, calibrate, tune, and adjust electronic sea, land, and air detection and tracking equipment, electronic recognition and identification equipment and radar countermeasures equipment, including search radar and radiac equipment, IFF systems, and racons.					
QUALIFICATIONS FOR ADVANCEMENT	Required for				
A. SAFETY	Advancement to ETN ETR ET				
1.00 Practical Factors					
 .01 Demonstrate under simulated conditions the rescue of a person in contact with an energized electrical circuit, resuscitation of a person unconscious from electrical shock, and treatment for burns. .02 Demonstrate, while servicing equipment, safety precautions such as tagging switches, removing fuses, and grounding test equipment, using shorting bars and rubber mats 	3 3 -				
2.00 Knowledge Factors					
 .01 Effects of electrical shock, methods of resuscitation of a person unconscious from electrical shock, and treatment for burns .02 Electrical and electronic safety precautions (except those applicable exclusively to line construction) as set forth in Chapter 18, U. S. Navy Safety Precautions (OpNav 34P1) 					
B. ELECTRICITY AND ELECTRONICS					
1.00 Practical Factors					
None.					

QUALIFICATIONS FOR ADVANCEMENT		Required for Advancement to		
B. ELECTRICITY AND ELECTRONICS—Continued	ETN	ETR	ET	
2.00 Knowledge Factors	•			
 .01 Definition and usage of common electrical, magnetic, and electronic terms including: a. Volt, ohm, ampere, watt, volt-ampere, henry, and farad b. Cycle, ampere-turn, coulomb, circular mil, conductor, 	3	3	_	
insulator, field intensity, and flux density	3	3	-	
mutual and electromagnetic inductanced. Power factor, frequency, phase, RC time, attenuation,	3	3	-	
absorption, and conductance	3	3	_	
and class A, B, C, and AB amplifiers	3	3	_	
and nonlinear	3	3 3	_	
g. Sideband, single sideband, zero beat, AGC, and ganged tuning	3	3	_	
.02 Interpretation of RETMA color coding of fixed capacitors and resistors and power, AF, and IF transformer connections	3	3	_	
.03 Calculation of current, voltage, and resistance in d.c. series	3	3		
and parallel circuits containing not more than four elements			_	
a conductor	3	3	_	
electrical conductor	3	3	-	
and grid leak	3	3	_	
of laws of magnetism to electrical rotating machinery	3	3		
as resistors, rheostats, potentiometers, solenoids, inductors, relays, capacitors, fuses, switches, reactors, transformers, and crystals	3	3		
.09 Types, structure, maintenance procedures, and electrical char-			_	
acteristics of batteries	3 3	3 3		
.11 Relationship of current, voltage, and impedance in a.c. circuits	3	3		
.12 Calculation of current, voltage, phase, angle, impedance, power factor, and resonance in a.c. series and parallel circuits con-				
taining not more than four elements	3	3	_	
equipment	3	3	-	
and ionospheric reflecting layers on propagation	3	3	-	
.15 Electrical characteristics of Hertz, Marconi, and dipole antennas	3	3	_	
.16 Function and operating principles of components of a typical pulse radar set; timer, modulator, transmitter antenna, receiver, and				
 indicators	-	3	_	
modulator, power amplifier, and antenna	3	_	-	
amplifier, and speaker	3	-	_	

B. ELECTRICITY AND ELECTRONICS—Continued c. Antenna couplers and remote control patching systems c. Antenna couplers and remote control patching systems a. Audio, video, RF, and IF amplifiers b. Oscillators: tickler-feedback, Colpitits, ultra-audion, TPTG, push-pull, electron-coupled, transistron, Hartley-crystal controlled, and basic multivibrator controlled, and basic multivibrator d. Rectifiers: copper oxide, selenium, silicon diodes, crystal, and electron tube d. Tuned coupling and AGC circuits d. Impedance matching, phase shifters, cathode followers, limiters and clippers, sawtooth generators, and phase inverters d. Modulation: amplitude, frequency, phase and pulse; grid, screen, and plate d. Coaxial transmission lines d. Differentiators and integrators, peakers, discriminators, clampers, and transistors d. Oscillators: blocking and Wein-bridge d. Campers, and transistors d. Paraphase and magnetic amplifiers d. Special purpose tubes such as traveling wave, carcinotrons, and high-powered klystron amplifiers d. Special purpose tubes such as traveling wave, carcinotrons, and high-powered klystron amplifiers d. D'Arsonval and electrodynamometer movements employing the following: d. D'Arsonval a	QUALI	FICATIONS FOR ADVANCEMENT	-	uired nceme	
c. Antenna couplers and remote control patching systems 3	B. EL	ECTRICITY AND ELECTRONICS—Continued	ETN	ETR	EΤ
a. Audio, video, RF, and IF amplifiers	2.00	Knowledge Factors—Continued			
a. Audio, video, RF, and IF amplifiers	.39	Function and operating principles of the following:	3	_	-
controlled, and basic multivibrator . Retcifiers: copper oxide, selenium, silicon diodes, crystal, and electron tube		a. Audio, video, RF, and IF amplifiers	3	3	-
and electron tube		controlled, and basic multivibrator	3	3	-
e. Tuned coupling and AGC circuits f. Impedance matching, phase shifters, cathode followers, limiters and clippers, sawtooth generators, and phase inverters g. Modulation: amplitude, frequency, phase and pulse; grid, screen, and plate h. Coaxial transmission lines i. Differentiators and integrators, peakers, discriminators, clampers, and transistors clampers, and transistors g. Jo Scillators: blocking and Wein-bridge k. Trigger, coincidence, AFC, counting, and phase splitting circuits circuits n. Vacuum tubes, gas-filled tubes, cathode ray tubes and magnetrons n. Vacuum tubes, gas-filled tubes, cathode ray tubes and magnetrons o. Special purpose tubes such as traveling wave, carcinotrons, and high-powered klystron amplifiers n. D'Arsonval and electrodynamometer movements employing the following: a. Computations required to determine size of shunts and multipliers c. Ther mocouples and rectifiers in a.c. meters c. Ther mocouples and rectifiers in exc. meters c. Ther mocouples and rectifiers in exc. meters c. Ther mocouples and rectifiers in a.c. meters c. Ther mocouples and basic principles of wave guides, T/R and AT/R tubes, klystrons and m		and electron tube			_
f. Impedance matching, phase shifters, cathode followers, limiters and clippers, sawtooth generators, and phase inverters		d. Detectors: diode and crystal			
limiters and clippers, sawtooth generators, and phase inverters		e. Tuned coupling and AGC circuits	3	3	_
g. Modulation: amplitude, frequency, phase and pulse; grid, screen, and plate		limiters and clippers, sawtooth generators, and phase	_		
and plate			3	3	_
h. Coaxial transmission lines i. Differentiators and integrators, peakers, discriminators, clampers, and transistors 2					
i. Differentiators and integrators, peakers, discriminators, clampers, and transistors					_
clampers, and transistors			3	3	_
j. Oscillators: blocking and Wein-bridge 2 2 2		clampers, and transistors	2	2	-
k. Trigger, coincidence, AFC, counting, and phase splitting circuits			2	2	_
circuits		k. Trigger, coincidence, AFC, counting, and phase splitting			
1. Paraphase and magnetic amplifiers		circuits	2	2	_
m. Modular construction		l. Paraphase and magnetic amplifiers		2	_
o. Special purpose tubes such as traveling wave, carcinotrons, and high-powered klystron amplifiers		m. Modular construction	2	2	-
o. Special purpose tubes such as traveling wave, carcinotrons, and high-powered klystron amplifiers		n. Vacuum tubes, gas-filled tubes, cathode ray tubes and	_	_	
and high-powered klystron amplifiers			2	2	_
.40 Operating principles of basic meters and meter movements employing the following: a. D'Arsonval and electrodynamometer movements			_	_	1
a. D'Arsonval and electrodynamometer movements	.40				•
b. Shunts and multipliers		employing the following:			
b. Shunts and multipliers		a. D'Arsonval and electrodynamometer movements	2		_
.41 Operational capabilities and limitations of electronic equipment		b. Shunts and multipliers			_
Method of connecting moving element to resistors to form voltmeter or ammeter; meaning of meter sensitivity and effect of circuit loading		c. Thermocouples and rectifiers in a.c. meters			_
voltmeter or ammeter; meaning of meter sensitivity and effect of circuit loading			2	2	_
of circuit loading	.42				
.43 Computations required to determine size of shunts and multipliers		voltmeter or ammeter; meaning of meter sensitivity and effect			
pliers			2	2	-
.44 Characteristics and use of synchros and servomotors; methods of setting to electrical zero; purpose of gain, phase, and balance adjustments	.43	Computations required to determine size of shunts and multi-	•	_	
of setting to electrical zero; purpose of gain, phase, and balance adjustments			2	2	-
balance adjustments	.44				
45 Function and operation of the following: a. Electronic switch, synchroscope and spectrum analyzer				9	
a. Electronic switch, synchroscope and spectrum analyzer	45		2	4	_
b. Absorption wavemeter, grid dip and radio-interference field-intensity meters	.40	r unction and operation of the following:	2	2	_
field-intensity meters		h Absorption wavemeter grid din and radio-interference	-	_	
.46 Applications and basic principles of wave guides, T/R and AT/R tubes, klystrons and magnetrons, crystal mixers, and radar modulators			2	2	
tubes, klystrons and magnetrons, crystal mixers, and radar modulators	.46		_		
modulators	•				
.47 Cause and/or effect of an induction field and radiation field 2 260 Operating principles and radiation characteristics of parabolic and lens antennas			2	2	_
.60 Operating principles and radiation characteristics of parabolic and lens antennas	.47				_
and lens antennas	.60	Operating principles and radiation characteristics of parabolic			
.61 Operating principles and characteristics of, and repairs and calibrations authorized on, electronic test equipment in items	•		-	_	1
calibrations authorized on, electronic test equipment in items	.61				
		D1.01 and B2.45	-		1

Appendix II—QUALIFICATIONS FOR ADVANCEMENT IN RATING

QUALIFICATIONS FOR ADVANCEMENT		uired nceme			
B. ELECTRICITY AND ELECTRONICS—Continued		ETR			
2.00 Knowledge Factors—Continued					
.80 Theory of single sideband radio transmission and reception	_	-	C C		
C. OPERATIONAL MAINTENANCE					
1.00 Practical Factors					
.01 Inspect, clean, and lubricate electronic equipment in accordance with technical publications	3	3	_		
 .02 Test and/or replace plugs, lamps, fuses, switches, electron tubes, jacks, cables, and wiring	3	3	_		
equipment	3	3	_		
electronic equipment	3	3			
positions	3	3	-		
and replace brushes	3	3	_		
joints	3	3	-		
equipment	3	3	_		
2.00 Knowledge Factors	v	Ů			
.01 Importance of using proper lubricants and solvents in					
maintenance of electronic equipment	3	3	-		
 a. Receiver gain, transmitter tuning and antenna tuning b. Radar intensity, focus, receiver tuning, antenna rotation, range, and IFF interrogation switch, loran sweep speed switch, 	3	3	-		
and coarse and fine delay	_	3	-		
and humidity	_	-	С		
D. TECHNICAL MAINTENANCE					
1.00 Practical Factors					
.01 Demonstrate use of the following test equipment: a. Electronic and nonelectronic multimeters	3	3	_		

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-	FICATIONS FOR ADVANCEMENT CCHNICAL MAINTENANCE—Continued	Adva	uired nceme ETR	ent to
•	Practical Factors—Continued			
	b. Tube tester, oscilloscope, and AF signal generator	3	3	
	c. Capacitance-inductance-resistance bridge	3	3	_
	d. RF signal generator, frequency standards, and megohmmeter	3	3	_
	e. Range mark generator and echo boxes	_	3	_
.02	Make tests for short circuits, grounds, and continuity of		Ü	
	interconnecting cables between components of electronic			
.03	equipment	3	3	_
.04	electronic equipment	3	3	-
	reference to technical maintenance publications, block			
	diagrams, and installation blueprints	3	3	
.05	Locate in technical and maintenance publications information necessary for maintenance and repair of electronic equipment;			
	enter corrections to publications when changes are made	3	3	_
40	Effect authorized field changes to electronic equipment in ac-	Ū	·	
•	cordance with instructions and diagrams	2	2	_
.41	Operate the following test equipment:			
	a. Electronic switch and spectrum analyzer	2	2	_
	b. Synchroscope	_	2	_
	c. Absorption wavemeter, grid dip, and radio-interference	•	•	
40	field-intensity meters	2	2	_
.42	Test electronic circuits for continuity, short circuits, and grounds; measure electrical quantities such as voltage, current,			
	power, and frequency, and compare with established values; use			
	an oscilloscope to view circuit waveforms and compare with es-			
	tablished optimum performance waveforms required in electronic			
	equipment	2	2	_
.43	Perform sensitivity and selectivity measurements and aline			
	circuits as necessary for optimum performance of electronic			
	equipment	2	2	_
.44	Localize electronic equipment casualties to parts or subassemblies;			
	repair by replacement of subassemblies or parts	2	2	_
.45	Repair multimeters, oscilloscopes, test oscillators, and signal	_	_	
40	generators	2	2	_
.40	Perform tests, adjustments, and repairs necessary for proper operation of electromechanical servomechanisms and synchro control			
	circuits including:			
	a. Electrical zeroing of synchros	2	2	
	b. Testing servomotors and amplidynes	2	2	_
	c. Gain, phase, and balancing adjustments	2	2	_
.60	Repair countermeasures equipment	_	_	1
	View and compare with established standards, waveforms of the			
	following circuits: Squaring and peaking, clamping circuits,			
	high vacuum tube sweep generators (hard tube type), trapezoidal			
	sweep generator, phantastrons, blocking oscillators, and			_
	counting circuits		_	1
.62	Aline circuits by synchronizing multivibrators or blocking			
	oscillators with sine wave, positive pulses, or submultiples of			1
go	trigger frequency, or negative pulses		_	1
.03	justments, calibrations, and repairs necessary for optimum			
	performance of electronic equipment	_		1
	Lancon account of analysis and additional additional and additional and additional addit			_

QUALI	FICATIONS FOR ADVANCEMENT		uired	
D. TE	CHNICAL MAINTENANCE—Continued		eme ETR	
1.00	Practical Factors—Continued	s 1		
.64	Evaluate test equipment for correct operation; make authorized repairs and calibrations			•
.79	Adjust antenna arrays such as: Driven arrays (collinear), parasitic arrays (Yagi), parabolic, corner, or flat reflections back of dipoles, phased arrays, and waveguide type antennas for: a. Traffic requirements	_	_	1
	b. Environmental conditions	_	_	C
.80	Test and evaluate for proper and secure installation and optimum performance, newly installed or overhauled components assemblies, or subassemblies of electronic equipment	_	_	С
2.00	Knowledge Factors			
.01	Method of soldering and soldering equipment used in maintenance		•	
.40	and repair of electronic equipment	3	3	_
E. EL	ECTRONICS ADMINISTRATION		-	_
	Practical Factors			
	Record test data and work accomplished in required work logs,			
	equipment histories, and checkoff lists	3	3	-
03	equipment	3	3 3	_
.40	Prepare Current Ship's Maintenance Project (CSMP)	3 2	3 2	_
.41	Prepare job orders and work requests	2	2	_
.42	Obtain part and stock numbers from technical and supply publications for tools and replacement parts; procedures for			
.60	requisitioning such material	2	2	_
.61	performance and/or maintenance of electronic equipment Inspect completed work logs and checklists; review electronic equipment failure reports, requisitions for tools and replacement parts, inventories of tools and portable test equipment, job orders,	-	-	1
.62	and work requests	-	-	1
.80	radio, radar, and countermeasures equipment	-	-	1
	standards tests on electronic equipment to which assigned Evaluate complete electronic equipment failure reports, requisitions for tools and replacement parts, inventories of tools and portable test equipment job orders, work requests, electronic equipment	-	-	С
Q9	histories, and periodic or recurring reports concerning performance and/or maintenance of electronic equipment Organize and administer maintenance and repair of electronic	-	_	C
02	equipment	-	-	C

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QUALIFICATIONS FOR ADVANCEMENT		Required for Advancement to		
E. ELECTRONICS ADMINISTRATION—Continued		ETR		
2.00 Knowledge Factors				
.01 System of assigning "AN" letter-number combinations as designation for electronic equipment	3	3	_	
.02 Types of information contained in electronic technical and maintenance publications	3	3		
.60 Methods, techniques, and devices applicable in electronic maintenance training of teams and individuals		_	1	
.80 Procedures for accounting for electronic equipment, maintaining control of inventories and workflow, and reporting equipment				
status and work accomplished	_	_	C	
responsibilities of enlisted personnel for electronic equipment		***	С	